

EXHIBIT A

State Court Pleadings

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF FLORENCE

JEROME C. NEWKIRK, SR.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS ✓

CIVIL ACTION COVERSHEET

Plaintiff(s) 2013-CP-24 Pl. 12:53

2013-CP-21- 10710

vs.

COMITY

FLORENCE

JAMES B. ENZOR, individually and as an employee and agent of the South Carolina Department of Public Safety; SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY,

Defendant(s)

(Please Print)

Submitted By: James T. McBratney, Jr.
Address: P.O. Box 3890
Florence, SC 29502

SC Bar #: 3716

Telephone #: 843-662-8155

Fax #: 843-662-1144

Other:

E-mail: james@mcbratneylawfirmpa.com

NOTE: The cover sheet and information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law. This form is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of docketing. It must be filled out completely, signed, and dated. A copy of this cover sheet must be served on the defendant(s) along with the Summons and Complaint.

DOCKETING INFORMATION (Check all that apply)

*If Action is Judgment/Settlement do not complete

JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint. NON-JURY TRIAL demanded in complaint.
 This case is subject to ARBITRATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
 This case is subject to MEDIATION pursuant to the Court Annexed Alternative Dispute Resolution Rules.
 This case is exempt from ADR. (Proof of ADR/Exemption Attached)

NATURE OF ACTION (Check One Box Below)

Contracts

Constructions (100)
 Debt Collection (110)
 Employment (120)
 General (130)
 Breach of Contract (140)
 Other (199)

Torts - Professional Malpractice

Dental Malpractice (200)
 Legal Malpractice (210)
 Medical Malpractice (220)
 Notice/ File Med Mal (230)
 Other (299)

Torts - Personal Injury

Assault/Slander/Libel (300)
 Conversion (310)
 Motor Vehicle Accident (320)
 Premises Liability (330)
 Products Liability (340)
 Personal Injury (350)
 Wrongful Death (360)
 Other (399)

Real Property

Claim & Delivery (400)
 Condemnation (410)
 Foreclosure (420)
 Mechanic's Lien (430)
 Partition (440)
 Possession (450)
 Building Code Violation (460)
 Other (499)

Civil Rights

Inmate Petitions

PCR (500)
 Mandamus (520)
 Habeas Corpus (530)
 Other (599)

Judgments/Settlements

Death Settlement (700)
 Foreign Judgment (710)
 Magistrate's Judgment (720)
 Minor Settlement (730)
 Transcript Judgment (740)
 Lis Pendens (750)
 Transfer of Structured Settlement Payment Rights Application (760)
 Other (799)

Administrative Law/Relief

Reinstate Driver's License (800)
 Judicial Review (810)
 Relief (820)
 Permanent Injunction (830)
 Forfeiture-Petition (840)
 Forfeiture—Consent Order (850)
 Other (899)

Appeals

Arbitration (900)
 Magistrate-Civil (910)
 Magistrate-Criminal (920)
 Municipal (930)
 Probate Court (940)
 SCIDOT (950)
 Worker's Comp (960)
 Zoning Board (970)
 Administrative Law Judge (980)
 Public Service Commission (990)
 Employment Security Comm (991)
 Other (999)

Special/Complex /Other

Environmental (600)
 Automobile Arb. (610)
 Medical (620)
 Other (699)

Pharmaceuticals (630)
 Unfair Trade Practices (640)
 Out-of State Depositions (650)
 Sexual Predator (510)

CERTIFIED: A TRUE COPY

James T. McBratney Jr.

CLERK OF COURT C.P. & G.S.
FLORENCE COUNTY, S.C.

Submitting Party Signature: *James T. McBratney Jr.*

Note: Frivolous civil proceedings may be subject to sanctions pursuant to SCRCO, Rule 11, and the South Carolina Frivolous Civil Proceedings Sanctions Act, S.C. Code Ann. §15-36-10 et. seq.

MANDATED ADR COUNTIES ONLY
Allendale, Anderson, Beaufort, Colleton, Florence, Greenville,
Hampton, Horry, Jasper, Lexington, Pickens (Family Court Only), and Richland

SUPREME COURT RULES REQUIRE THE SUBMISSION OF ALL CIVIL CASES TO AN ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS, UNLESS OTHERWISE EXEMPT.

You are required to take the following action(s):

1. The parties shall select a neutral and file a "Proof of ADR" form on or by the 210th day of the filing of this action. If the parties have not selected a neutral within 210 days, the Clerk of Court shall then appoint a primary and secondary mediator from the current roster on a rotating basis from among those mediators agreeing to accept cases in the county in which the action has been filed.
2. The initial ADR conference must be held within 300 days after the filing of the action.
3. Pre-suit medical malpractice mediations required by S.C. Code §15-79-125 shall be held not later than 120 days after all defendants are served with the "Notice of Intent to File Suit" or as the court directs. (Medical malpractice mediation is mandatory statewide.)
4. Cases are exempt from ADR only upon the following grounds:
 - a. Special proceeding, or actions seeking extraordinary relief such as mandamus, habeas corpus, or prohibition;
 - b. Requests for temporary relief;
 - c. Appeals
 - d. Post Conviction relief matters;
 - e. Contempt of Court proceedings;
 - f. Forfeiture proceedings brought by governmental entities;
 - g. Mortgage foreclosures; and
 - h. Cases that have been previously subjected to an ADR conference, unless otherwise required by Rule 3 or by statute.
5. In cases not subject to ADR, the Chief Judge for Administrative Purposes, upon the motion of the court or of any party, may order a case to mediation.
6. Motion of a party to be exempt from payment of neutral fees due to indigency should be filed with the Court within ten (10) days after the ADR conference has been concluded.

Please Note: You must comply with the Supreme Court Rules regarding ADR.
Failure to do so may affect your case or may result in sanctions.

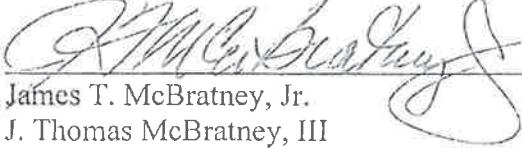
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
COUNTY OF FLORENCE) TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
) CASE NO.: 2013-CP-21-

Jerome C. Newkirk, Sr.,)
)
Plaintiff,)
)
v.)
James B. Enzor, individually and as an)
employee and agent of the South Carolina)
Department of Public Safety; South Carolina)
Department of Public Safety,)
)
Defendants.)
)

SUMMONS
(Jury Trial Demanded)

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to answer the Complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your Answer to the said Complaint on the subscriber at his office at 300 Rainbow Drive, Suite 207, Executive Park, Florence, South Carolina 29502, within thirty (30) days {thirty-five (35) days if served by certified mail} after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the Complaint within the time aforesaid, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in the Complaint.

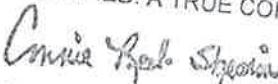
Dated at Florence, South Carolina, this 23 day of April, 2013



James T. McBratney, Jr.
J. Thomas McBratney, III
Attorneys for the Plaintiff
MCBRATNEY LAW FIRM, P.A.
PO Box 3890
Florence, South Carolina 29502
(843) 662-8155

Florence, South Carolina

April 23 2013

CERTIFIED: A TRUE COPY


Connie R. Spain
CLERK OF COURT C.P. & G.S.
FLORENCE COUNTY, S.C.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
COUNTY OF FLORENCE) TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
CASE NO.: 2013-CP-21- 1076

Jerome C. Newkirk, Sr.,)
Plaintiff,)
v.)
James B. Enzor, individually and as an)
employee and agent of the South Carolina)
Department of Public Safety; South Carolina)
Department of Public Safety,)
Defendants.)

COMPLAINT
(Jury Trial Demanded)

Comes now the Plaintiff, Jerome C. Newkirk, Sr., and files this Complaint for damages against the Defendants named above, showing the court as follows:

PARTIES

1. Plaintiff, Jerome C. Newkirk, Sr., hereinafter "Plaintiff" or "Newkirk", is, and was at all times relevant herein a resident of Duplin County, North Carolina.
2. Upon information and belief, Defendant, James B. Enzor, hereinafter "Enzor", is and at all times relevant herein was a resident of Florence County, South Carolina. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant Enzor was a duly appointed and acting officer of the South Carolina Highway Patrol employed by the Defendant, South Carolina Department of Public Safety. As such, Defendant was a duly appointed agent authorized to enforce the laws of the State of South Carolina, and was so acting under the color of the law of South Carolina at all times relevant herein.

CERTIFIED: A TRUE COPY
Chris Yel. Spain
CLERK OF COURT C.P. & G.S.
FLORENCE COUNTY, S.C.

3. Defendant, South Carolina Department of Public Safety, hereinafter "Department of Public Safety" is an agency of the State of South Carolina within the meaning of the South Carolina Tort Claims Act, S.C. Code Ann. § 15-78-30.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter based on Article V of the South Carolina Constitution and S.C. Code Ann. § 15-77-50.

5. Venue is appropriate in Florence, South Carolina as a substantial portion of the conduct alleged herein took place in Florence County, South Carolina.

6. On or about October 14, 2012, the Plaintiff was a passenger in a 2009 black Cadillac Escalade driven by his wife, Catherine B. Newkirk, traveling north on a public highway known as Interstate 95 at or near the City of Florence, South Carolina.

7. As Plaintiff and his wife traveled in the northbound lane of I-95, they travelled through a construction zone area and were in a line of three or four other vehicles all travelling at the same rate of speed when they noticed that they were being followed by a South Carolina Highway Patrol automobile with its blue lights activated.

8. In response to the patrol vehicle's blue lights, the Plaintiff's wife pulled over to the safety lane of I-95.

9. Defendant Enzor approached the Plaintiff's vehicle on the passenger's side, and requested the Plaintiff's wife's driver license and registration information. Defendant Enzor returned to his vehicle and then shortly thereafter returned to the Plaintiff's vehicle and advised his wife that she was traveling at 77 mph in a 55 mph zone and that he was going to ticket her for speeding. After being handed the ticket, Plaintiff's wife stated to Defendant Enzor that she felt

she was the subject of discrimination whereupon Defendant Enzor snatched the ticket from the Plaintiff's wife and commanded that she exit the vehicle.

10. The Plaintiff's wife complied with the officer's command and exited the vehicle but as the Plaintiff approached the rear of the vehicle, Defendant Enzor began pointing his finger and shouting at the Plaintiff's wife in a loud, abusive, and discourteous manner. He grabbed the Plaintiff's wife then advised her that she was under arrest and proceeded to manhandle her, placing her in handcuffs.

11. As this confrontation between the Plaintiff's wife and Defendant Enzor was occurring, the Plaintiff exited the vehicle, and walked to the rear of the vehicle to inquire about the events taking place. The Plaintiff stated to Defendant Enzor that his actions were not necessary.

12. Defendant Enzor commanded the Plaintiff to return to the vehicle and advised that he was under arrest also.

13. Plaintiff complied with Trooper Enzor's commands and returned to his vehicle. Plaintiff was then placed under arrest.

14. Defendant Enzor conducted an unlawful arrest of the Plaintiff, in violation of 42 U.S.C.A. § 1983. As a result, Plaintiff has suffered injuries and damages, including, but not limited to, medical and other expenses, mental anguish, emotional distress, humiliation, deprivation of his freedom, and attorney's fees.

15. Following initial reports of Defendant Enzor's conduct, the S.C. Department of Public Safety conducted an internal investigation of the traffic stop and arrest of the Plaintiff. The internal investigation found that the arrest of Plaintiff was unlawful. Accordingly, Defendant Enzor was disciplined by receiving a demotion in rank.

FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
(Violation of 42 U.S.C.A. § 1983 as to Defendant James B. Enzor)

16. Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1-15 as if restated herein verbatim.
17. The above described actions subjected Plaintiff to a deprivation of rights and privileges secured to the Plaintiff by the Constitution and laws of the United States, including the right to be free from unlawful arrest under the 4th, 5th, and 14th Amendments.
18. Plaintiff's arrest was made under the color of law as Defendant Enzor was acting pursuant to his duties as a law enforcement officer for the South Carolina Highway Patrol and an employee and agent of the South Carolina Department of Public Safety.
19. As a direct and proximate result of the above mentioned unconstitutional acts of Defendant Enzor, Plaintiff's civil rights were violated and he has suffered physical injuries and damages, including, but not limited to, medical and other expenses, mental anguish, emotional distress, humiliation, deprivation of his freedom, and attorney's fees.
20. Plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages, attorney's fees, and cost in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact and punitive damages in an amount sufficient to deter similar conduct by this Defendant and others.

FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligence/Gross Negligence/Recklessness as to Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety)

21. Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1-20 as if stated herein verbatim.
22. Defendant Enzor owed a duty of reasonable care to Plaintiff and was negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful, and or wanton in the discharge of his duties.

23. During and in the course and scope of his employment and official duties with Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety, Defendant Enzor breached the applicable duty of care by his unlawful arrest of the Plaintiff.

24. Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety is vicariously liable pursuant to the doctrine of respondeat superior for the conduct of its employee or agent, Defendant Enzor.

25. As a direct and proximate cause of the negligent, grossly negligent, reckless, willful, and/or wanton acts and/or omissions of Defendant Enzor, as set forth above, Plaintiff's civil rights were violated. Plaintiff has also suffered physical injuries and damages, including, but not limited to, medical and other expenses, mental anguish, emotional distress, humiliation, deprivation of his freedom, and attorney's fees.

26. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment against Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety for compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by a jury.

FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION
(Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress/Outrage
as to Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety)

27. Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1-26 as if stated herein verbatim.

28. By and through the conduct alleged above, Defendant Enzor intentionally and/or recklessly inflicted severe emotional distress on the Plaintiff or was certain or substantially certain that such distress would result from his conduct.

29. Defendant Enzor's conduct was so extreme and outrageous that it exceeds all possible bounds of decency and must be regarded as atrocious and utterly intolerable in a civilized community.

30. The actions of Defendant Enzor caused the Plaintiff emotional distress and the emotional distress suffered by the Plaintiff was so severe that no reasonable person could be expected to endure it.

31. Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety is vicariously liable pursuant to the doctrine of respondeat superior for the conduct of its employee or agent, Defendant Enzor, as Defendant Enzor's conduct was committed during and in the course and scope of his employment and official duties with Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety.

32. As a direct and proximate result of the outrageous conduct of the Defendant, Plaintiff's civil rights were violated. Plaintiff has suffered physical injuries and damages, including but not limited to, medical and other expenses, mental anguish, emotional distress, humiliation, deprivation of freedom, and attorney's fees.

33. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment against Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety for compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by a jury.

FOR A FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
(Malicious Prosecution as to Defendant South Carolina Department of Public)

34. Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1-33 as if restated herein verbatim.

35. Defendant Enzor maliciously instituted and continued criminal proceedings against the Plaintiff without probable cause.

36. The criminal proceedings were terminated in Plaintiff's favor and under circumstances consistent or implicit with his innocence.

37. Defendant was malicious in instituting and continuing such criminal proceedings against Plaintiff.

38. Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety is vicariously liable pursuant to the doctrine of respondeat superior for the conduct of its employee or agent, Defendant Enzor, as

Defendant Enzor's conduct was committed during and in the course and scope of his employment and official duties with Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety.

39. As a direct and proximate result of the malicious prosecution of the Plaintiff by Defendant Enzor, Plaintiff's civil rights were violated, and he has suffered physical injuries and damages, including, but not limited to, mental anguish, emotional distress, humiliation, medical and other expenses, deprivation of freedom and attorney's fees.

40. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment against Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety for compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by a jury.

FOR A FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION
(False Imprisonment as to Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety)

41. Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1-40 as if restated herein verbatim.

42. Based on an unlawful arrest, Plaintiff was restrained and detained by Defendant and deprived of his personal liberty, all without probable cause.

43. Defendant Enzor continued to unlawfully restrain and detain Plaintiff by failing to properly remit arrest information and bond paperwork to the Florence County Detention Center in a timely manner, thus delaying Plaintiff's release from imprisonment.

44. This restraint was intentional and unlawful.

45. Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety is vicariously liable pursuant to the doctrine of respondeat superior for the conduct of its employee or agent, Defendant Enzor, as Defendant Enzor's conduct was committed during and in the course and scope of his employment and official duties with Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety.

46. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant Enzor's action, Plaintiff's civil rights were violated and he has suffered physical injuries and damages, including, but not limited to, mental

anguish, emotional distress, humiliation, medical and other expenses, deprivation of freedom, and attorney's fees.

47. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment against Defendant South Carolina Department of Public Safety for compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by the trier of fact.

FOR A SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION
(Negligent Supervision/Training as to Defendant S.C. Department of Public Safety)

48. Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1-47 as if restated herein verbatim.

49. As an agency of the State of South Carolina and Defendant Enzor's employer, Defendant, Department of Public Safety has a duty of care to Plaintiff and the general public to adequately and sufficiently train and supervise its law enforcement employees in the proper and constitutional methods of law enforcement.

50. At all times relevant herein, Defendant Enzor acted in his capacity as a South Carolina Highway Patrolman, under the control of Defendant, Department of Public Safety, and was using the property of Defendant, Department of Public Safety, in his unlawful arrest of Plaintiff.

51. As Defendant Enzor's employer, Department of Public Safety, had the ability to control Enzor's conduct and knew or should have known of the necessity and opportunity for exercising control over Enzor's conduct.

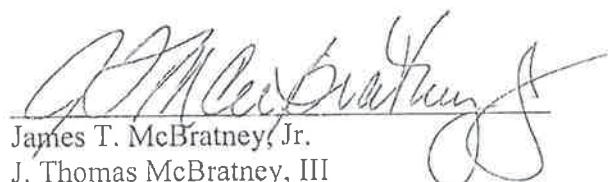
52. Defendant, Department of Public Safety, either: 1) knew or should have known of the unfitness of its agent or employee, Defendant Enzor, and yet employed him or continued to employ him, failed to adequately train or supervise him regarding the proper and constitutional methods of law enforcement and/or used his services without proper instruction with a reckless disregard of the rights of the Plaintiff; 2) authorized the wrongful conduct of Defendant Enzor; or 3) ratified the wrongful conduct of Defendant Enzor; and said wrongful acts of Defendant Enzor were calculated to and did benefit the Defendant, Department of Public Safety.

53. As a direct and proximate cause of the above mentioned carelessness and/or negligence of Defendant, Department of Public Safety, Plaintiff's civil rights have been violated, and he has suffered significant physical injuries and damages, including, but not limited to, mental anguish, emotional distress, humiliation, substantial medical and other expenses, deprivation of freedom, and attorney's fees.

54. Plaintiff is entitled to a judgment against Defendant Department of Public Safety for compensatory damages in an amount to be determined by a jury.

WHEREFORE, The Plaintiff prays for actual, compensatory, punitive damages against the Defendants for the acts and omissions alleged herein, for judgment against the Defendants, for attorney's fees, costs, and interest where allowed by law, and for such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,



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April 23, 2013